Match the boxes, working from the first line to the last. You can do this either by colour coding the corresponding boxes or marking corresponding boxes with a symbol/number/letter.

If you finish, try to think about which of the impacts played the biggest role in allowing England to expand.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **REQUISITION OF COMMERCIAL SHIPS** | **VOYAGES OF DISCOVERY** | **PRIVATEERING** | **EAST INDIA COMPANY** |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Definition:**  Practice of merchants attacking and capturing enemy vessels during times of war, as sanctioned by the government (“legal privacy”). | **Definition:**  Government issued order for merchants/mariners to give up ships for use in warfare. | **Definition:**  Private company established in 1600 which was granted a monopoly over trade with the East Indies. | **Definition:**  Commercial journeys made to countries previously unexplored by Europeans. |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Impact 1:**  Allowed government to increase military capacity during times of war. | **Impact 1:**  Gave England political power in the east, gradually taking full control of India and later handing it over to the English government as a formal colony. | **Impact 1:**  Brought wealth to the country through trade in highly desirable products, such as tobacco and sugar, and through the transportation of slaves. | **Impact 1:**  Meant that the government could take out hostile vessels and reduce enemy soldiers without expending their own soldiers/vessels. |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Impact 2:**  Allowed England to establish armed bases in regions of strategic importance. | **Impact 2:**  Could provide merchants with huge (stolen) wealth which was often loaned to the government to help fund warfare. | **Impact 2:**  Allowed England to gain control over vital and lucrative trade routes involving trade in textiles, spices, and tea. | **Impact 2:**  Reduced long-term costs of war by decreasing need for a large standing navy. |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Impact 3:**  Forced local Indian rulers to pay exceptionally high taxes creating continual revenue stream into England. | **Impact 3:**  Acted as a display of dominance over other European countries, demonstrating English skill, capacity and drive to expand. | **Impact 3:**  Gave government access to ships of large range of sizes and types that were useful for a range of tasks and could be used to form large convoys. | **Impact 3:**  Interrupted enemy trade, reducing their wealth and reducing their available ship fleet. |